

PET SAFETY TIPS FOR THE WINTER MONTHS

“As the harsh winter months settles in, it is important that you think about keeping your pets safe from all of the dangers that the season can present,” stated MEMA Director Don Boyce.



Do not leave your pet outdoors when temperatures drop below freezing.

Dogs need outdoor exercise, but take care not to keep them outdoors for lengthy periods of time during very cold weather. Short-coated dogs may feel more comfortable wearing a sweater during walks. Dogs and cats are safer indoors during all sorts of extreme weather.

Wind-chill is a threat to pets, even those protected by shelters.

Outdoor dogs must be protected by a dry, draft-free doghouse that is large enough to allow the dog to both sit and lie down comfortably, but small enough to retain body heat. The floor should be elevated a few inches off the ground and covered with cedar shavings or straw. The entrance of the doghouse should be turned to face away from prevailing winds, and the entrance should be covered with a flap of heavy waterproof fabric or heavy plastic.

Pets who spend a greater amount of time outdoors in the winter need more food.

Maintaining warmth depletes energy. Routinely check your pet's water dish to ensure the water is fresh and not frozen. To prevent your pet's tongue from freezing to their feeding or drinking bowl, plastic, rather than metal food and water bowls are preferred.

Be leery of frozen bodies of water.

Always keep your pets on a leash when walking them near suspected frozen bodies of water. The ice may not be sturdy enough to support your pet. If a pet falls through the ice, do not attempt to rescue your pet yourself; go for help.

Antifreeze and de-icing chemicals can be hazardous.

Antifreeze has a sweet taste that can attract animals. Always store antifreeze out of reach and clean up spills. Antifreeze made with propylene glycol can actually be swallowed in small amounts and not injure pets, wildlife or humans. De-icing chemicals, including salt, can irritate the pads of your pet's feet. Wipe your pet's feet with a damp towel after coming indoors, even if salt on sidewalks is not visible.

Warm automobile engines are dangerous for cats and small wildlife.

Parked vehicles can attract small animals, which may crawl under the hood seeking warmth. To avoid injuring hiding animals, bang on your car's hood to scare them off before starting your engine.

A special Thank You to Don Boyce and our friends at MEMA—Massachusetts Emergency Management Agency, for sharing the above information.